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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/731,178	12/06/2000	Steven D. Goedeke	P-8896	9273	
27581 7:	590 04/10/2003	•			
MEDTRONIC, INC. 710 MEDTRONIC PARKWAY NE MS-LC340 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55432-5604			EXAMINER .		
			SMITS, TALIVALDIS IVARS		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		•	2654	7	
			DATE MAILED: 04/10/2003	1	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/731,178

Applicant(s)

Steven D. Goedeke et al.

Examiner

Talivaldis Ivars Smits

Art Unit **2654**



	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover	sheet with	the correspondence address		
Period	for Reply					
THE I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In	_		_		
- If the property - If NO property - If NO property - If NO property - If the proper	g date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply a to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the sply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	and will expire SIX he application to be	(6) MONTHS f	rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
1) 🗆	Responsive to communication(s) filed on			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) 💢 This act	tion is non-fin	al.			
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposi	tion of Claims					
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-30</u>		· · ·	is/are pending in the application.		
4	a) Of the above, claim(s)			is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
5) 🗌	Claim(s)			is/are allowed.		
6) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-30</u>			is/are rejected.		
7) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are objected to.		
8) 🗌	Claims	a	re subject	to restriction and/or election requirement.		
	ntion Papers					
9) 💢	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) 🗌	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) 🗆 accep	ted or b)	\Box objected to by the Examiner.		
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the d	rawing(s) be t	neld in abe	yance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11)□	The proposed drawing correction filed on	_				
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply t	to this Office a	action.			
12) 🗌	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	iner.				
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) 🗆	☐ All b)☐ Some* c)☐ None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. \square Certified copies of the priority documents have	e been receiv	ed in App	lication No		
	 Copies of the certified copies of the priority do application from the International Burea 	ocuments hav	ve been re	ceived in this National Stage		
*S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	e certified co	pies not re	eceived.		
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority unde	r 35 U.S.(C. § 119(e).		
a) [The second of th					
15)[X	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority unde	r 35 U.S.0	C. §§ 120 and/or 121.		
Attachm						
	tice of References Cited (PTO-892)	_		0-413) Paper No(s)		
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:						
· A	Sississis Statement of the 19-14-19 (Paper No(s)	o, oner:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. This application has been filed with informal drawings which are acceptable for examination purposes only. Formal drawings will be required when the application is allowed.

Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: The listing of related applications added in the Preliminary Amendment should be moved to line 9 of the first page of the Specification, and the list should be updated to indicate Patent Numbers of issued applications. For example, the first three applications listed therein should be identified as U.S. Patents 6,298,271, 6,250,309, and 6,442,433, respectively..

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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4. Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jeffery D. Snell (U.S. Patent 5,792,204, issued August 11, 1998).

As per claims 1, 4-6, 9, 19, 20, 26, and 30, Snell teaches a system interfacing with an implanted medical device (col. 3, lines 61-65), with:

- microphone input of a voice command to a speech recognizer (col. 3, lines 5-7);
- the speech recognizer matching the input voice command to the subset of commands and converting the recognized voice command into a selection code (control program instructions, col. 4, line 5),
- said commands along with a set of control signals being stored in memory (col. 5, line 67 thru col. 6, line 2; col. 4, lines 5-6), and
- generating a control signal therefrom to execute the commands (col. 3, lines 9-13; col. 5, lines 4-6);
- a display device (col. 4, line 62); and
- displaying received data generated by the implanted medical device in response to
 the execution of the command as well as implanted medical device state data (col. 4, lines
 62-65 and col. 5, lines 3-13).

Snell does not explicitly teach displaying the selectable subset of commands as a function of the device. However, the examiner takes Official Notice that it is old an notoriously well known to have context-sensitive commands, and to display them for user selection by voice (or, of course, by keyboard or mouse) from a displayed menu. It would have been obvious for an artisan at the time of invention to display the available commands to avoid wasting user time by

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having her remember the precise available command words.

As per claims 2, 3, 23, and 29, Snell does not specifically teach a bandpass amplifier to reject ambient background signals from the microphone. However, the examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and notoriously well-known to bandpass-filter microphone audio input for speech recognizers to confine the bandwidth to the speech band. It would have been obvious for an artisan at the time of invention to do this to reduce extraneous noise, particularly broadband impulsive noise, coming from outside the speech band and causing speech recognizer errors.

As per claim 7, Snell teaches a pacing system analyzer (col. 4, lines 26-27 and 39).

As per claim 8, Snell teaches a programming unit adapted to interrogate and program the implanted medical device (col. 4, lines 62-64 and col. 5, lines 14-19).

As per claims 10-12, Snell does not explicitly teach an unidirectional microphone to be steered by the user of his medical data processing instrument. However, the examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and notoriously well-known to have a unidirectional mirophone steerable by the user to input voice commands (or other speech) to a speech recognizer. It would have been obvious for an artisan at the time of invention to thus use a unidirectional microphone to conveniently spatially filter out noise coming from different directions than the user location.

As per claims 13, 24, and 27, Snell teaches adapting or configuring the speech recognizer and the processor for new commands or to a new user generating appropriate recognition data, to be stored in the memory arrangement (stored replaced command instructions and data to be used therefor, respectively, col. 5, lines 14-19 and col. 6, lines 6-9).

As per claims 14, 25, and 28, Snell does not teach validating the user to limit the various levels of commands that a user is authorized to give. However, the examiner takes Official Notice, that it is notoriously well-known in speech recognizer applications involving safety and security considerations (not to mention proprietary data or other privacy concerns) to validate the user before giving access to the corresponding command or data levels. Therefore it would have been obvious for an artisan at the time of invention to include such a user validation feature in the processor, to prevent unqualified users from endangering the patient by misusing the implanted medical device (cf. col. 6, lines 56-58) or misappropriating her private data (cf. col. 5, lines 19-21).

As per claims 15-17 and 22, Snell teaches an audio signal confirming the receipt of a voice selected command or device state to inform the user or for user confirmation (col. 6, lines 61-64; col. 7, lines 4-14 and 58-62; for suggestion of similarly outputting device state *cf.* col. 5, lines 7-9).

As per claim 18, Snell teaches medical data processing from the implantable device via a

communications network (col. 5, lines 41-47).

As per claim 21, Snell teaches validating the stored command speech sets to see whether the voice command is understood (col. 9, lines 6-14).

Conclusion

- 5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Robert Stadler *et al.* (U.S. Patent 6,115,628, filed March 29, 1999 by same assignee) teaches speech commands for implantable medical devices). Arthur Brant *et al.* (U.S. Patent 5,970,457, issued October 19, 1999, and U.S. Patent 6,278,975, filed August 19, 1999) teach voice commands for medical care devices. William H. L. Chang *et al.* (U.S. Patent 6,224,542, filed January 4, 1999) teach a voice-controlled endoscopic camera system.
- 6. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or FAXed to:

(703) 872-9314 (please label *formal* communications "OFFICIAL"; please label *informal* or draft communications, "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT")

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 2, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

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7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to the examiner, Talivaldis Ivars Smits, whose telephone number is (703) 306-3011. The examiner can normally be reached Mondays-Fridays from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Marsha D. Banks-Harold, can be reached on (703) 305-4379. The facsimile phone number for Technology Center 2600 is (703) 872-9314.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 customer service, whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

TÄLIVALDIS IVARS SMITS PRIMARY EXAMINER

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